

Meaningful Stories. Meaningful Hope.

Dave
Actual LIBTAYO Patient

Working together with your healthcare team

The importance of working with a specialist

I like jazz. There's something about a saxophone that can just lift my spirits. Stan Getz, Charlie Parker, and Paul Desmond are my favorites because they are specialists. They're virtuosos on the sax but take cues from each other.

Specialists who treat advanced cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma (CSCC) are much the same. They are experts who focus on advanced CSCC treatment, working in concert with other members of the healthcare team. Finding specialists to treat my advanced CSCC turned my world around.

What is LIBTAYO?

LIBTAYO is a prescription medicine used to treat adults with a type of skin cancer called cutaneous squamous cell carcinoma (CSCC) that has spread or cannot be cured by surgery or radiation.

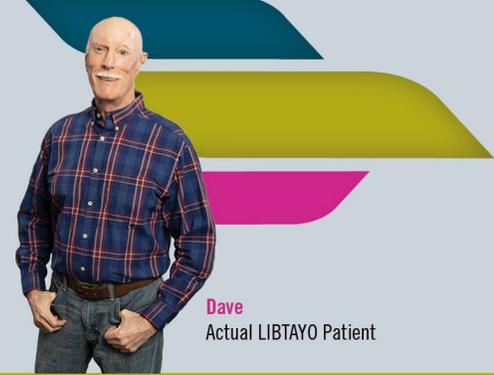
It is not known if LIBTAYO is safe and effective in children.

Important Safety Information

What is the most important information I should know about LIBTAYO?

LIBTAYO is a medicine that may treat certain cancers by working with your immune system. LIBTAYO can cause your immune system to attack normal organs and tissues in any area of your body and can affect the way they work. These problems can sometimes become severe or life-threatening and can lead to death. You can have more than one of these problems at the same time. These problems may happen anytime during treatment or even after your treatment has ended.

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Important Safety Information (continued)

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including:

- **Lung problems:** cough, shortness of breath, or chest pain
- **Intestinal problems:** diarrhea (loose stools) or more frequent bowel movements than usual, stools that are black, tarry, sticky or have blood or mucus, or severe stomach-area (abdomen) pain or tenderness

A sour note

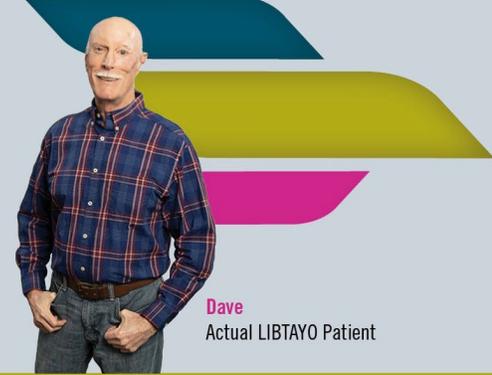
In 2016, a rapidly growing CSCC appeared on my left forehead area about an inch and a half above my left eye. My dermatologist referred me to a facial surgeon who performed five procedures to identify and remove all of the cancerous tissue. And then there was reconstructive surgery with the plastic surgeon—another specialist on my team.

I hoped that would be the end of it, but I was wrong. Advanced CSCC can return and when it does, it may look different. I didn't realize this fully until a few months later when I began to notice a very soft, squishy bulge under my left eye. As the bulge continued to grow, I returned to my dermatologist to find out what was happening. He confirmed I had metastatic CSCC, or CSCC that had spread.

Trying a new approach

In 2018 I figured I was heading toward yet another surgery when my dermatologist referred me to a facial surgeon to remove the recurrent CSCC lesion, which was locally advanced. But because the tumor was so close to my eye, the facial surgeon brought in an ocular surgeon. Surgery, radiation, and chemotherapy, or some combination were discussed.

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However, it was determined that surgery and radiation would not be curative options for me. The ocular surgeon had heard of an immunotherapy drug called LIBTAYO[®] (cemiplimab-rwlc). He referred me to an oncologist who had experience prescribing LIBTAYO to some of his patients diagnosed with advanced CSCC. After meeting with the oncologist and discussing the potential benefits and risks, we decided to give it a try.

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including (continued):

- **Liver problems:** yellowing of your skin or the whites of your eyes, severe nausea or vomiting, pain on the right side of your stomach-area (abdomen), dark urine (tea colored), or bleeding or bruising more easily than normal

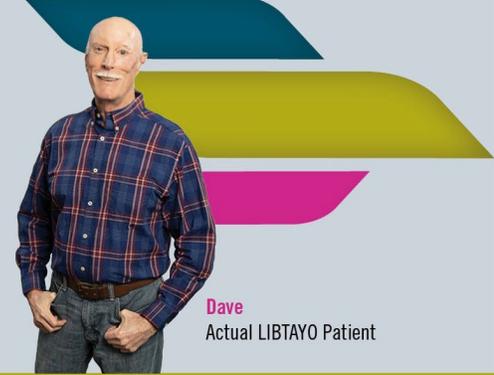
Playing well together

Now I have a variety of specialists who “play” well together. Just like different instruments serve their purpose in a great jazz ensemble, different specialists have their roles too. My oncologist is not a surgeon and my surgeon is not a dermatologist. They each play their parts.

I follow-up with my dermatologist every three months. When you live with advanced CSCC, it’s so important to be aware of every little thing and catch it early, so if I notice anything unusual, I will call and schedule an appointment right away. When necessary, my dermatologist refers me to the appropriate specialist.

I also see my oncologist when appropriate. Each visit, he does a physical exam to check for anything that seems off-key and asks if I’m experiencing any side effects or unusual symptoms. He keeps a log from each examination and tracks my progress.

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Living with advanced CSCC can be a lot to manage, but I don't do it alone. Finding the right specialists keeps me moving forward. And if I'm ever feeling down, there's always Charlie Parker to lift my spirits and soothe my soul.

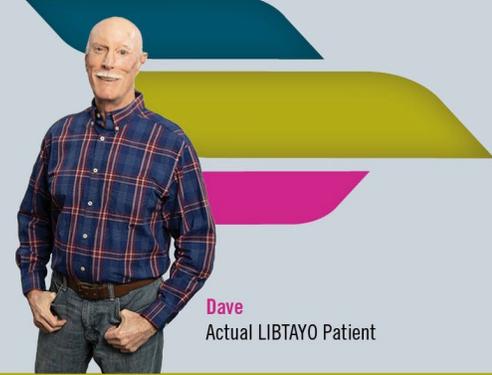
Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including (continued):

- **Hormone gland problems:** headache that will not go away or unusual headaches, eye sensitivity to light, eye problems, rapid heartbeat, increased sweating, extreme tiredness, weight gain or weight loss, feeling more hungry or thirsty than usual, urinating more often than usual, hair loss, feeling cold, constipation, your voice gets deeper, dizziness or fainting, or changes in mood or behavior, such as decreased sex drive, irritability, or forgetfulness
- **Kidney problems:** decrease in your amount of urine, blood in your urine, swelling of your ankles, or loss of appetite
- **Skin problems:** rash, itching, skin blistering or peeling, painful sores or ulcers in mouth or nose, throat, or genital area, fever or flu-like symptoms, or swollen lymph nodes

Call or see your healthcare provider right away if you develop any new or worsening signs or symptoms, including (continued):

- **Problems can also happen in other organs and tissues. These are not all of the signs and symptoms of immune system problems that can happen with LIBTAYO. Call or see your healthcare provider right away for any new or worsening signs or symptoms, which may include:** chest pain, irregular heartbeat, shortness of breath or swelling of ankles, confusion, sleepiness, memory problems, changes in mood or behavior, stiff neck, balance problems, tingling or numbness of the arms or legs, double vision, blurry vision, sensitivity to light, eye pain, changes in eyesight, persistent or severe muscle pain or weakness, muscle cramps, low red blood cells, or bruising
- **Infusion reactions that can sometimes be severe or life-threatening.** Signs and symptoms of infusion reactions may include: nausea, vomiting, chills or shaking, itching or rash, flushing, shortness of breath or wheezing, dizziness, feel like passing out, fever, back or neck pain, or facial swelling

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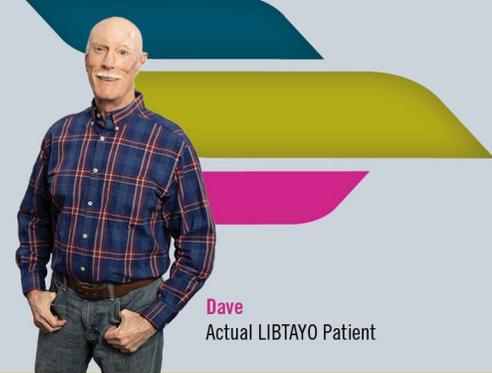
- **Rejection of a transplanted organ or tissue.** Your healthcare provider should tell you what signs and symptoms you should report and monitor you, depending on the type of organ or tissue transplant that you have had
- **Complications, including graft-versus-host disease (GVHD), in people who have received a bone marrow (stem cell) transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic).** These complications can be serious and can lead to death. These complications may happen if you underwent transplantation either before or after being treated with LIBTAYO. Your healthcare provider will monitor you for these complications

Getting medical treatment right away may help keep these problems from becoming more serious. Your healthcare provider will check you for these problems during your treatment with LIBTAYO. Your healthcare provider may treat you with corticosteroid or hormone replacement medicines. Your healthcare provider may also need to delay or completely stop treatment with LIBTAYO if you have severe side effects.

Before you receive LIBTAYO, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you:

- have immune system problems such as Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, or lupus
- have received an organ or tissue transplant, including corneal transplant
- have received or plan to receive a stem cell transplant that uses donor stem cells (allogeneic)
- have received radiation treatment to your chest area
- have a condition that affects your nervous system, such as myasthenia gravis or Guillain-Barré syndrome

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Important Safety Information (continued)

Before you receive LIBTAYO, tell your healthcare provider about all your medical conditions, including if you (continued):

- are pregnant or plan to become pregnant. LIBTAYO can harm your unborn baby
Females who are able to become pregnant:
 - Your healthcare provider will give you a pregnancy test before you start treatment
 - You should use an effective method of birth control during your treatment and for at least 4 months after your last dose of LIBTAYO. Talk to your healthcare provider about birth control methods that you can use during this time
 - Tell your healthcare provider right away if you become pregnant or think you may be pregnant during treatment with LIBTAYO
- are breastfeeding or plan to breastfeed. It is not known if LIBTAYO passes into your breast milk. Do not breastfeed during treatment and for at least 4 months after the last dose of LIBTAYO

Tell your healthcare provider about all the medicines you take, including prescription and over-the-counter medicines, vitamins, and herbal supplements.

The most common side effects of LIBTAYO when used alone to treat CSCC that has spread or cannot be cured by surgery or radiation, BCC, or NSCLC include tiredness, muscle or bone pain, rash, diarrhea, and low levels of red blood cells (anemia). The most common side effects of LIBTAYO when used alone to help prevent CSCC from coming back include rash and itching. The most common side effects of LIBTAYO when used in combination with platinum-containing chemotherapy to treat NSCLC include hair loss, muscle or bone pain, nausea, tiredness, numbness, pain, tingling, or burning in your hands or feet, and decreased appetite.

These are not all the possible side effects of LIBTAYO. Call your doctor for medical advice about side effects. You may report side effects to FDA at 1-800-FDA-1088. You may also report side effects to Regeneron Pharmaceuticals at 1-877-542-8296.

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